

30518. Adulteration of Limburger cheese. U. S. v. Four Cases of Limburger Cheese. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. & D. No. 45008. Sample No. 48301-D.)

This product had been shipped in interstate commerce and remained unsold and in the original packages. At the time of examination it was found to contain insects, insect fragments, and rodent hairs.

On March 11, 1939, the United States attorney for the District of Minnesota, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of four cases of Limburger cheese at Minneapolis, Minn.; alleging that the article had been shipped on or about February 7, 1939, by Badger Brodhead Cheese Co. from Monroe, Wis.; and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act. The article was labeled in part: (Wrapper) "Blue Seal Naturally Ripened Limburger Cheese."

It was alleged to be adulterated in that it consisted wholly or in part of a filthy animal substance.

On April 27, 1939, no claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

M. L. WILSON, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

30519. Adulteration of candy. U. S. v. Eight Cartons of Candy. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. & D. No. 43665. Sample No. 37978-D.)

This product had been shipped in interstate commerce and remained unsold and in the original packages. At the time of examination it was found to be insect-infested.

On October 20, 1938, the United States attorney for the Southern District of Mississippi, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of eight cartons of candy at Hattiesburg, Miss.; alleging that the article had been shipped on or about April 28, 1938, by Hollywood Candy Co. from Minneapolis, Minn.; and charging adulteration in violation of the Food and Drugs Act. The candy was labeled in part "3 Pigs."

The article was alleged to be adulterated in that it consisted wholly or in part of a filthy vegetable substance.

On April 11, 1939, no claimant having appeared, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered destroyed.

M. L. WILSON, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

30520. Adulteration of tomato puree. U. S. v. Gervas Canning Co., Inc., and Stanley J. Drago. Pleas of guilty. Corporation fined \$100. Stanley J. Drago fined \$100, payment of which was suspended and defendant placed on probation for 1 year. (F. & D. No. 42675. Sample Nos. 35664-D, 35665-D.)

This product contained excessive mold.

On February 27, 1939, the United States attorney for the Western District of New York, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court an information against Gervas Canning Co., Inc., Fredonia, N. Y., and Stanley J. Drago, president and treasurer of said corporation, alleging shipment by said defendants on or about September 17 and 28, 1938, from the State of New York into the State of Massachusetts, in violation of the Food and Drugs Act, of quantities of tomato puree which was adulterated. The article was labeled in part: (Cans) "Gervas Brand Tomato Puree."

It was alleged to be adulterated in that it consisted in part of a decomposed vegetable substance, tomato puree that contained excessive mold.

On March 22, 1939, pleas of guilty were entered on behalf of the defendants. The corporation was fined \$100. Stanley J. Drago was fined \$100, payment of which was suspended and he was placed on probation for 1 year.

M. L. WILSON, *Acting Secretary of Agriculture.*

30521. Adulteration of frozen fish. U. S. v. 33 Boxes of Haddock Fillets. Default decree of condemnation and destruction. (F. & D. No. 45076. Sample Nos. 50367-D, 50390-D.)

This product had been shipped in interstate commerce and remained unsold and in the original packages. At the time of examination it was found to be in part decomposed.

On March 22, 1939, the United States attorney for the Northern District of Alabama, acting upon a report by the Secretary of Agriculture, filed in the district court a libel praying seizure and condemnation of 33 boxes of frozen haddock fillets at Birmingham, Ala.; alleging that the article had been shipped